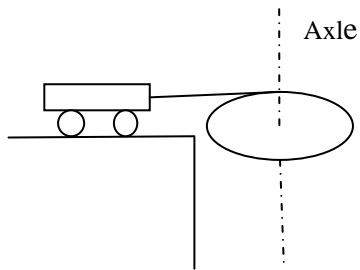


## Pre-lab 12 Rotational motion and translational motion

You are now the expert of both rotational motion and linear motion separately. In this lab, we need to combine them together.

- (a) In old days, a windmill will have the wind power rotating a big wheel so that grains could get grinded. Now, we have some better tools. Assume a car is attached with a wheel being so that the car can drag the wheel to spin as shown below. It is known that the car can offer a constant force. With and without the wheel, would the car have the same acceleration? And why?



- (b) If the radius of the wheel doesn't change, but its mass gets heavier, do you think the acceleration of the car will change or not?
- (c) If the mass of the wheel is fixed, but its radius gets bigger, do you think the acceleration of the car will change or not?
- (d) Let's put in some numbers. If the car has a mass of 1 kg, with a force 1N driving it moving forward. With a wheel of 1 m diameter and  $1\text{kgm}^2$  inertia, What would be the acceleration of the car?