# **Project 2 Examination Statistics**

Distribute on September 30, 2025 Due before November 2, 2025 (Sunday) at 11:59 midnight

## **Learning Outcomes** ((CLO) vs (SO) Mapping)

- Recognize the software and hardware components of a computer system (1)vs(6)
- Recognize and apply the software development phases (2)vs(6)
- Utilize Java syntax in fundamental programming algorithms (3)vs(1)
- Recognize and apply the various input and output devices in programming (4)vs(2)
- Recognize and apply the various control structures (5)vs(1)
- Design and implement user-defined methods (5,4,3,2)vs(1,2,6)

#### **Objectives**

In completing this project, you will gain experience with the following Java features:

- the Scanner class
- selection structures
- loops
- file input-output

## **Problem Statement**

Processing large amounts of data to obtain statistical information is a frequent computer application in many areas. The most frequently calculated parameters are the average, the median, and the population standard deviation.

In this project, you implement a program that

- reads examination scores from a file
- determines the total number of scores in the file
- calculates the average score
- determines the maximum score and the minimum score
- calculates the population standard deviation
- determines the number of examinations in each of the letter grade groups A, B, C, D, F
- makes the output message displayed on the console and writes the output to a file, as well

## **Analysis and Requirements**

#### Input

- named constants to store the lower score limits for the letter grade groups; these are 90, 80, 65, 50, and 0 in the order of grades A, B, C, D, F
- an undetermined number of exam scores stored on an external input file; each number is an integer between 0 and 100
- the name of the input file to be solicited from the user on the console

#### **Output**

The output will contain the following data:

- The total number of examinations
- The average score
- The population standard deviation of the scores
- The minimum score
- The maximum score
- The number as well as the percentage of scores in each letter grade group

A template to display the output is shown below (Figure 1). Your actual output may have other numerical values.

```
Exam Statistics
Total number of (given) Scores: 110
Total number of valid scores: 110
Considering only the given valid scores:
Average score (of valid scores): 70.54
Population standard deviation of the valid scores:
                                                     18.44
# of A, 85-100:
                   12
                             10.91%
# of B, 75--84:
                   32
                             29.09%
# of C, 65--74:
                   34
                             30.91%
# of D, 50--64:
                             14.55%
                   16
# of F, 00--49:
                   16
                             14.55%
```

Minimum score: 10 Maximum score: 100

Figure 1

Note that all decimal numbers must be rounded to two decimals, and all the score listing lines must contain 10 numbers (except maybe the last lines) in the exam\_scores.txt file. However, in the scores.txt file, not all the score listing lines contain an equal number of numbers. The same applies to the to\_test.txt file.

#### Formulas needed

<u>Average</u>: The average score is the sum of the individual scores divided by the total number of scores. Avoid integer division. If N is the total number of scores and x1, x2, ..., xN are the score values, then

$$average = (x1+x2+...+xN)/N$$

<u>Population standard deviation</u>: The difference between each score and the average squared, added, divided by N, and taken square root of the result.

$$psd*psd = ((average - x1)^2 + (average - x2)^2 + ... + (average - xN)^2)/N$$

## **Design**

For this project, you shall define a class named **ExamStatistics**.

Add four **static** named constant fields to store the lower limits of the grade groups; see the Input above. These variables are declared in the class but outside of the main() method.

Create commented places for code responsible for various tasks within the main method.

//Declare variables

You will need

- six integer variables for counting; one counter variable is used to count the total number of scores in the file, and one additional variable is needed to count the scores for each of the grades A, B, C, D, and F
- three integer variables minScore, maxScore, nextScore; minScore and maxScore are used to store the lowest and highest score values; nextScore stores the score currently read from the file
- three double variables to store sum, average, and psd
- two String variables to store the output message and the file name

```
// Declare and instantiate a Scanner object for console reading
// Declare and instantiate a File object for the file name solicited and received from the
// console
// Check if the file exists and repeat file name solicitation until the name is accepted (a
// loop will be used)
// Declare and instantiate another Scanner object reader to read data from the file
// Run a while loop to read, count, and sum the scores ("running total"); the loop must
// have logic to determine maxScore and minScore, and must count the occurrences of
// scores in the grade groups; check the input values; do not count and process any
// wrong input (the loop continues at the next iteration if wrong input is found).
// Wrong input does not update any of the counter variables, nor the sum, maxScore,
// and minScore variables.
// Compute the average
// Re-instantiate the file reader Scanner object
// Run a for loop that makes the summation for psd; see the formula for psd
// Compute psd
// Compose the output message
// Display the message on the console
```

// Instantiate a PrintWriter object and write the output to a file named ExamStatFile

## **Implementation Requirements and Hints**

• You must have a comment block preceding the header of each of your classes that has the following content:

```
/*
 * <your name>
 * CS 16000-01 - 02/03, Fall Semester 2024
 * (Specify your lab section only)
 * Project 2: Examination Statistics
 *
 * Description. <Summarize the purpose of the class here.>
 *
 */
```

- Having the name of the input file read from the console, the name shall be saved in a variable, say inputFileName
- To validate the file name
  - (i) declare a File object
  - (ii) run a while loop which solicits, reads, and saves a candidate for the file name
  - (iii) instantiate the File object with the file name
  - (iv) check if the file exists; if it does not, continue the loop; otherwise, stop the loop
- In the while loop that reads the scores from the file
  - (i) Save the currently read input in **nextScore**
  - (ii) Validate the input; any wrong input is not processed; for any invalid input, the loop turns to the next iteration
  - (iii) Update the total counter
  - (iv) Check if nextScore is greater than maxScore; if so, update maxScore with nextScore
  - (v) Repeat the checking for minScore
  - (vi) Apply a nested if else if structure to determine the grade group relevant for **nextScore** and update the group counter
  - (vii) Add nextScore to sum
- After the loop, compute the average by applying the average formula; take care of the integer division; the average must be exact
- Note that the score data are not stored internally by the program, and to compute the standard deviation (psd), the average must already be known. Therefore, the average and psd cannot be simultaneously determined in a single file reading process. To compute the value of psd, the file **inputFileName** must be read once more by a new Scanner
- As for the second reading of the file, a **for** loop is applicable since the total number of admissible items in the file is known. Input evaluation is still necessary to discard the wrong

inputs. You may decide if you want to use a while loop for the second reading or if you want to use a for loop.

- Having the second loop completed and psd determined, the output message containing the obtained results must be built; decimal numbers in the output must be formatted and rounded to two digits after the point
- Declare and instantiate a PrintWriter object to write the output to a file named ScoreStatistics.txt
- Print the output to the console and write the output to the file as required
- Start your work on this project without delay.

# **Testing**

Run your code using the supplied text file to\_test.txt and verify the correctness against the data in Figure 2. If the program is working correctly, run the program with the input file exam\_scores.txt as well.

## **Exam Statistics**

```
Total number of (given) Scores: 41 Total number of valid scores: 29
```

Considering only the given valid scores: Average score (of valid scores): 67.00

Population standard deviation of the valid scores: 31.67

```
# of A, 85-100: 10 34.48%
# of B, 75--84: 4 13.79%
# of C, 65--74: 4 13.79%
# of D, 50--64: 3 10.34%
# of F, 00--49: 8 27.59%
```

Minimum score: 0 Maximum score: 100

Figure 2

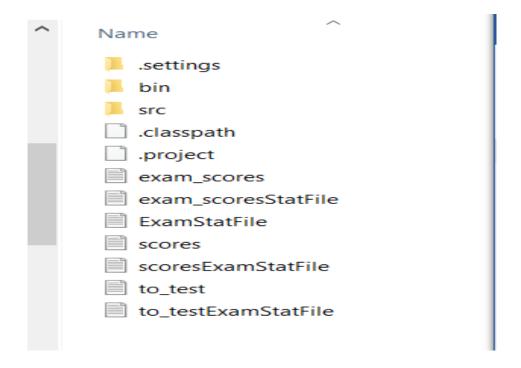
Your program must be tested with all three supplied files of data, which are as follows:

```
to_test.txt,
scores.txt, and
exam_scores.txt.
```

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The outputs of these three tests must be stored in to\_testExamStatFile.txt, scoresExamStatFile.txt, and exam\_scoresStatFile.txt, respectively.

After all these runs, the workspace has



## **Evaluation**

## Documentation and style: 20 points.

Your program must conform to the Computer Science Department's Java Documentation and Style Requirements. Emphasis will be placed on having the required banner and internal comments, as well as indentation and a stylish overall appearance. Comments must be written with correct grammar and spelling. Documentation and style carry significant weight in the score; do not neglect them.

## **Correctness: 80 points.**

| These points will be allocated as follows: |   | points | <b>;</b> |
|--|---|--------|----------|
| 1.   | Correct declarations of all variables                             | 05     |          |
| 2.   | Correct instantiation of all objects                              | 05     |          |
| 3.   | Correct implementation of file name solicitation                  | 10     |          |
| 4.   | Correct implementation of the while loop, reading the file first  | 25     |          |
| 5.   | Correct implementation of the loop of the second reading          |        | 15       |
| 6.   | Correct construction of the output message to follow the template | 10     |          |
|  |   |        |          |

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|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| 7. Correct implementation of l | 10                 |                    |  |
| Total correctness              | 80                 |                    |  |
| Total for assignment           | 100                |                    |  |