

Eliminate the parameter  $t$  to write  $y$  explicitly as a function of  $x$ .

Indicate any domain restrictions so that your explicit form (that involves only  $y$  and  $x$ ) has the same domain as the parametric form (that involves  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $t$ ).

1.  $x = 9t + 9$

$$y = 17 \cos(9t + 9) - 3$$

2.  $x = 5t - 6$

$$y = 10e^{5t-6} - 15$$

3.  $x = \sqrt[5]{2t+1}$

$$y = 10 \tan(\sqrt[5]{2t+1}) + 3$$

4.  $x = \ln t$

$$y = \frac{2}{\ln t} + \ln t^3$$

5.  $x = 4 \cos t$

$$y = 9 - 20 \cos t$$

6.  $x = e^t$

$$y = 3e^{2t} + 4e^t - 5$$

7.  $x = e^{2t}$

$$y = 3e^{4t}$$

8.  $x = e^{2t}$

$$y = 3e^{4t}$$

9.  $x = e^{2t}$

$$y = e^{3t}$$

10.  $x = e^{-t}$

$$y = e^{2t}$$