

A Very Famous Limit

(+.25) 1. Complete the boxes and blanks to show the amazing fact that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n = e^r$.

(+.25) 2. Show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} = Pe^{rt}$.

1. Let $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n$ and find L . TIP: The contents of each of the dashed gray boxes is the same.

If $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n$ use a property of logarithms to write

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\square \ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right) \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)}{\square}$$

which will be in

the *Indeterminate Form* of $\frac{\square}{\square}$.
 $\left\{ \frac{\infty}{\infty}, \frac{0}{0}, 0^0, 0 \cdot \infty, \infty - \infty, 1^\infty, \infty^0 \right\}$

Using L'Hôpital's rule we write $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{d}{dn} \ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)}{\frac{d}{dn} \square} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \square \cdot \frac{\frac{d}{dn} \square}{\frac{d}{dn} \square}$

$$= \square \cdot r = \square$$

Since $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n = \ln \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n$, we have the cool fact that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n = e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n} = e^L = \square$$



2. Using correct limit notation, show $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} = Pe^{rt}$.