$$
\begin{aligned}
& c^{2}=a^{2}+b^{2}-2 a b \cos C \\
& \frac{\sin A}{a}=\frac{\sin B}{b}=\frac{\sin C}{c}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\cos 2 \theta=\cos ^{2} \theta-\sin ^{2} \theta$
$=2 \cos ^{2} \theta-1$
$=1-2 \sin ^{2} \theta$
$\sin 2 \theta=2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$
$\sin (A+B)=\sin A \cos B+\cos A \sin B$
$\sin (A-B)=\sin A \cos B-\cos A \sin B$
$\cos (A+B)=\cos A \cos B-\sin A \sin B$
$\cos (A-B)=\cos A \cos B+\sin A \sin B$
$\sum_{i=0}^{n} a r^{i}=a+a r^{1}+a r^{2}+a r^{3}+\cdots+a r^{n-1}+a r^{n}=\frac{a\left(1-r^{n+1}\right)}{1-r}$
$\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} a r^{i}=a+a r^{1}+a r^{2}+a r^{3}+\cdots+a r^{n}+\cdots=\frac{a}{1-r}$ if $-1<r<1$

$\tan \theta=\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$

$\csc \theta=\frac{1}{\sin \theta}$

$\sin \theta=\frac{y}{r}$ $\cos \theta=\frac{x}{r}$
$\cos ^{2} \theta+\sin ^{2} \theta=1$
$\sec ^{2} \theta-\tan ^{2} \theta=1$ $\tan \theta=\frac{y}{x}$

| Ellipse Information with center ( $\boldsymbol{h}, \boldsymbol{k}$ ) ( Circle has RISE $=$ RUN) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Vertical Major Axis | Horizontal Major axis |
| Implicit equation | $\frac{(x-h)^{2}}{R U N^{2}}$ | $\frac{(y-k)^{2}}{R I S E^{2}}=1$ |
| Parametric equations | $\begin{aligned} & x=R U N \cos t+h \\ & y=R I S E \sin t+k \end{aligned}$ | or variants of these |
| Major or Minor axis Vertices are $V_{1}, V_{2}$ |  | RUN > RISE |



