

## diēs hebdomadis aut septimānae

hebdomas, -adis f. – week

septimāna, -ae f. – week

diēs Solis – Sunday

diēs Linae – Monday

diēs Martis – Tuesday

diēs Mercurii – Wednesday

diēs Iovis – Thursday

diēs Veneris – Friday

diēs Saturni – Saturday

## tempus

hora, -ae – hour

semis – half past

cum quadrante – a quarter after

cum dodrante – ¼ after / a quarter before

quā hora cenare solēmus? – At what hour are we accustomed to dine?

hora sexta – At the 6th hour / 6 o'clock

proximo anno – last year

insequente(ri) anno – next year

visne? – Do you want?

placet – yes, I would

benigne – no, thank you

quid tibi placet facere? – What do you like to do?

michi placet (mihi) – I like

licetne mihi (mihi) – May I

si memini recte – if I recall correctly

mane paulisper – wait a moment

ego non curō = nil mihi refert =

susque deque fero / habeo =

floci non facio – I do not care

quomodo dicitur? – How do you say?

fertne potest ut (+ present subjunctive) –

Is it possible to ...

velim aliquid te interrogare – I have a question

(I would like to ask you something.)

velim cognoscere (plura) de (abi) –

I would like to learn (more) about

compr̄ivignus/-a- stepbrother/stepsister

quomodo te habēs? – How are you?

\* me habeo.

quid agis? – How are you?

\* me ago.

ut valet? – How are you?

\* me valeo.

\* bene / recte / belle – fine

perbellē / bellissime / optime – very well

mediocriter – okay

non / haud male – not bad

male – not fine

pessimē – horrible

tibi gr̄atias ago – thank you

libenter – you're welcome

nil est – it is nothing

quasō / amabō te – please

me paenitet – I'm sorry

ignosce mihi – excuse me

ce / mitte ex animo – forget it!

## dē familiā

pater, -tris – father

māter, -tris – mother

fr̄ilius, -ī / -a, -ae – son / daughter

fr̄āter, -tris – brother

soror, -ōris – sister

avus, -ī / avia, -ae – grandfather / grandmother

nepōs, -ōtis (m) – grandson

neptis, -is (f) – granddaughter

amita, -ae – aunt (on father's side)

mātertera, -ae – aunt (on mother's side)

patruus, -ī – uncle (on father's side)

avunculus, -ī – uncle (on mother's side)

patruēlis, -is (m/f) – cousin (father's side)

cōnsōbrīnus, -ī / -a, -ae – cousin (mother's side)

gener, generī – son-in-law

nurus, -ūs (f) – daughter-in-law

vītricus, -ī – stepfather

noverca, -ae – stepmother

pr̄ivignus, -ī / -a, -ae – stepson/stepdaughter

compr̄ivignus/-a- stepbrother/stepsister

fr̄āter/soror uterīnus/-a – 1/2 bro/sis (same mom)

fr̄āter/soror germānus/-a – 1/2 bro/sis (same dad)

## litterae dicuntur:

a = ā (aah)                      n = en (ehn)

b = bē (bay)                      o = ō (oh)

c = cē (kay)                      p = pē (pay)

d = dē (day)                      q = cū (koo)

e = ē (ay)                          r = er (ehr)

f = ef (ehf)                        s = es (ehs)

g = gē (gay)                      t = tē (tay)

h = hā (haah)                    v = ū (oo)

i = ī (ee)                            x = īx (eeks)

k = cā (kaah)                      y = ūpsilon

l = el (ehl)                         z = zēta (dsay-tah)

m = em (ehm)

vōcālēs sunt A, E, I, O, V, Y cēterae sunt

cōnsōnantēs. (etiam I et V cōnsōnantēs sunt.)

quō modō scribitur “canis”?

scribitur per CĒ Ā EN I ES.

## salutatiōes et cētera

salve/salvete – hello

salva/salvus sis – hello

valē/valēte – goodbye

cura ut valetas – take care of yourself

bonum diem – good day

bonum postmeridīanum – good afternoon

bonum vespurnum – good evening

bonam noctem – good night

... tibi exopto – I wish you a ...

quid nomen tibi est – What is your name?

michi nomen est – My name is

volo irādere tibi (acc) – I want to

introduce – to you.

pergr̄atum est mihi te convenire – I am pleased to meet you.

te convenisse volup est – It is a pleasure to

meet you.

michi quidem volup est – The pleasure is mine.

# Primus Libellus

(verba utilissima)

Ginnia Lindzea me fecit.

Silvio Todae et Joanni Kuhneri et  
Joanni Traupviro et Patricio Oeno  
multas gratias ago.