

4.3 PRONOUNS AND ARTICLES

4.3.1 Forms of the Personal Pronouns

The personal pronouns of *The Owl and the Nightingale* (Southern English of c. 1200) represent the forms derived from Old English. They are:

	<i>singular</i>			<i>plural</i>
	<i>first person: 'I' and 'we'</i>			
<i>nom.</i>	ich	I		we
<i>acc.</i>	me			us
<i>gen.</i>	min	mi		ure
<i>dat.</i>	me			us
	<i>second person: 'thou' and 'you'</i>			
<i>nom.</i>	þu			ȝe
<i>acc.</i>	þe			ow
<i>gen.</i>	þin			ower
<i>dat.</i>	þe			ow
	<i>third person: 'he', 'it', 'she', 'they'</i>			
	<i>singular</i>			<i>plural</i>
	<i>masc.</i>	<i>neut.</i>	<i>fem.</i>	
<i>nom.</i>	he	hit	ho, he(o), hi	hi, ho, heo
<i>acc.</i>	hine	hit	hi, heo	hi
<i>gen.</i>	his	his	hire, hore	hore, heore
<i>dat.</i>	him	him	hire	hom, heom