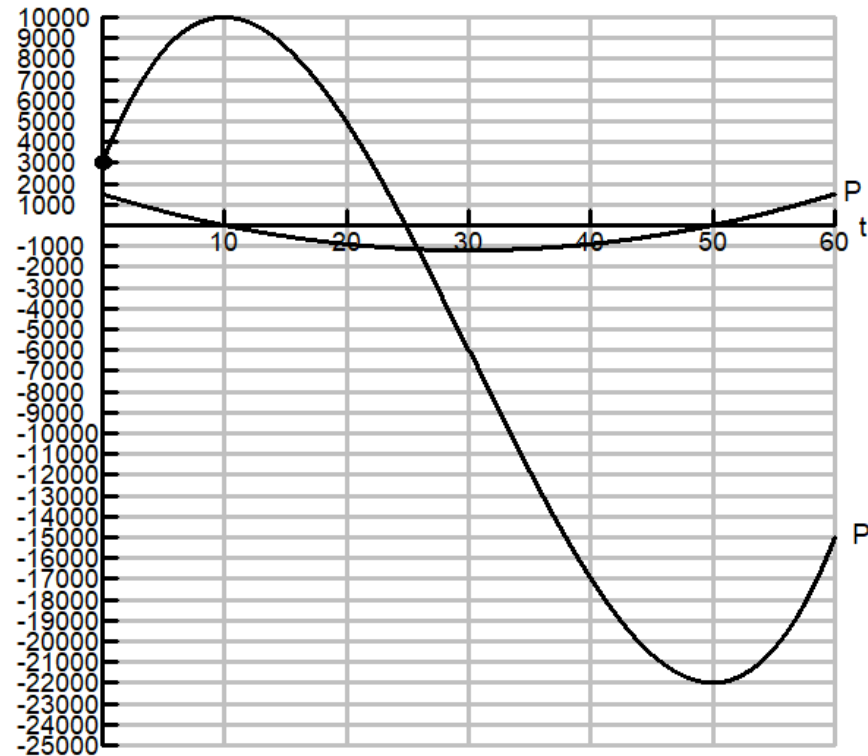


Bad Boss

Kilo Ren has just taken over as manager of a struggling droid production company. The profit $P(t) = t^3 - 90t^2 + 1500t + 3000$ at day t seems to go well at in the first ten days, but then morale erodes and profits start to tank. Complete the table.

Recall $\int_0^x P'(t)dt = P(x) - P(0)$. We can also write $P(x) - P(0) = P(t)\Big|_0^x$
 "bar notation"



t days	$P'(t)$, \$ per day	$P(t)$, \$	Area under $P'(t)$ from $x = 0$ to $x = t$
0	1500	3000	
10	0	10000	
20	-900	5000	
30	-1200	-6000	
40	-900	-17000	
50	0	-22000	
60	1500	-15000	

- Report $P(0)$, using appropriate units, and interpret.
- Consider the function $f(x)$ that gives the area under $P'(t)$ from $t = 0$ to $t = x$, where x is the number of days that Kilo Ren has been manager.
 - Write $f(x)$ as an integral. Interpret in the context of the situation.
 - Use your table to sketch $f(x)$ on the graph above. How are f and P related graphically?
 - For what values of x is the $f(x)$, the area under $P'(t)$ on the interval $[0, x]$, increasing? What is true about P for these values? What is true about f for these values?
 - For what values of x is $f(x)$, the area under $P'(t)$ on the interval $[0, x]$, decreasing? What is true about P for these values? What is true about f for these values?
 - When is $f(x)$ a minimum? When is $f(x)$ a maximum? How do you know?
 - When is $f(x)$ changing the fastest? How do you know?
 - Report $f'(30)$.
- What is the same about f and P ? What is different?
- Construct formulas for $f(x)$ and $f'(x)$ without integrals.