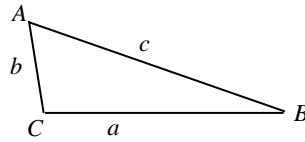


$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$



$$\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$= 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

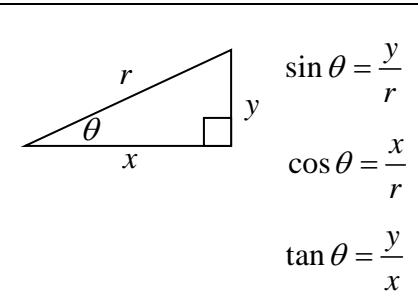
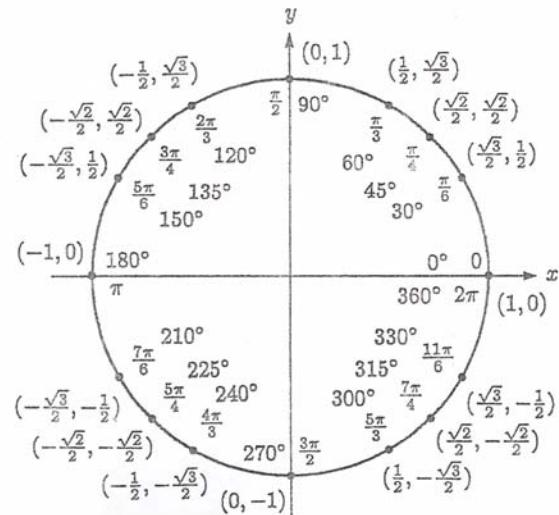
$$\sin(A-B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^n ar^i = a + ar^1 + ar^2 + ar^3 + \dots + ar^{n-1} + ar^n = \frac{a(1-r^{n+1})}{1-r}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} ar^i = a + ar^1 + ar^2 + ar^3 + \dots + ar^n + \dots = \frac{a}{1-r} \text{ if } -1 < r < 1$$

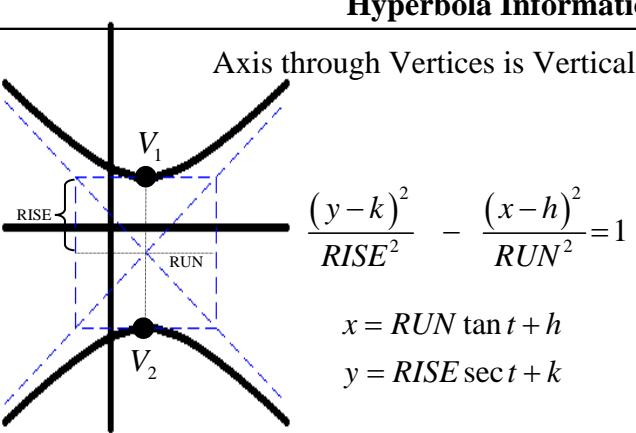


Ellipse Information with center (h, k) (Circle has $\text{RISE} = \text{RUN}$)

	Vertical Major Axis	Horizontal Major axis
Implicit equation	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{\text{RUN}^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{\text{RISE}^2} = 1$	
Parametric equations	$x = \text{RUN} \cos t + h$ $y = \text{RISE} \sin t + k$	or variants of these
Major or Minor axis	RISE > RUN 	RUN > RISE

Hyperbola Information with center (h, k)

Axis through Vertices is Vertical

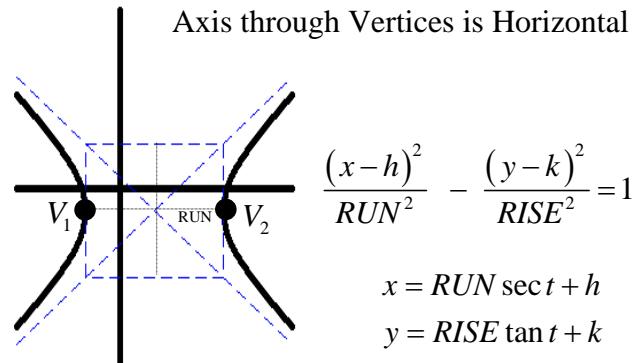


$$\frac{(y-k)^2}{\text{RISE}^2} - \frac{(x-h)^2}{\text{RUN}^2} = 1$$

$$x = \text{RUN} \tan t + h$$

$$y = \text{RISE} \sec t + k$$

Axis through Vertices is Horizontal



$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{\text{RUN}^2} - \frac{(y-k)^2}{\text{RISE}^2} = 1$$

$$x = \text{RUN} \sec t + h$$

$$y = \text{RISE} \tan t + k$$