## Verb Summary: Indicative

| Personal Endings: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Active: |  |  |  |
| $-\overline{\mathbf{o}} /-\mathbf{m}$ | -mus | Passive: |  |
| -s | -tis | -ris/-r | -mur |
| -t | -nt | -tur | -minī |

Long vowel rule:
Long vowels shorten before final:
-m, -t, -nt, -r, -ntur
$\mathbf{i}>\mathbf{e}$ before -ris, -re

| Present (Active and Passive formed the same way) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Take Present Stem (from infinitive) | Conjugation | Stem changes |  |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }} \Rightarrow$ | No change in stem vowel | $\Rightarrow$ | Add appropriate |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }} \quad \Rightarrow$ | e $>$ i (but petunt, petuntur) | $\Rightarrow$ | (active or passive) |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$-i stem $\Rightarrow$ | e $>$ i (but capiunt, capiuntur) | $\Rightarrow$ | personal endings |
|  | $4^{\text {th }} \quad \Rightarrow$ | No change (but audiunt, audiuntur) | $\Rightarrow$ |  |


| IMPERFECT (Active and Passive formed the same way) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Take Present Stem (from infinitive) | Conjugation | Stem changes | Add: |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }} \Rightarrow$ | No change in stem vowel | $\Rightarrow$-bā- $\Rightarrow$ | Add appropriate |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }} \quad \Rightarrow$ | $\mathbf{e}>\overline{\mathbf{e}}$ | $\Rightarrow$-bā- $\Rightarrow$ | (active or passive) |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$-i stem $\Rightarrow$ | e $>\mathrm{ie}$ | $\Rightarrow$-bā- $\Rightarrow$ | personal endings |
|  | $4^{\text {th }} \quad \Rightarrow$ | $\overline{\mathbf{i}}>\mathbf{i e}$ | $\Rightarrow$-bā- $\Rightarrow$ |  |

FUTURE (Active and Passive formed the same way)
Conjugation Stem changes $\quad$ Add
Take Present $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }} \Rightarrow \quad$ No change in stem vowel $\quad \Rightarrow-b i-\Rightarrow$ Add appropriate
Stem
(from infinitive)
(but optāb̄̄, -bor; optābunt, -buntur) (active or passive)
$3^{\text {rd }} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathbf{e}>\overline{\mathbf{e}} \quad$ (but petam, petar) $\quad \Rightarrow \quad$ personal endings
$3^{\text {rd }}$-i stem $\Rightarrow \mathbf{e}>\mathbf{i e}$ (but capiam, capiar)
$\Rightarrow$
$4^{\text {th }} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \overline{\mathbf{1}} \quad>\mathbf{i} \overline{\mathbf{e}}$ (but audiam, audiar) $\quad \Rightarrow$

## Active

## Passive

| Perfect <br> All conjugations: <br> Take Perfect stem (from $3^{\text {rd }}$ princ.part); Add: | All conjugations: <br> Take perfect passive participle ( $4^{\text {th }}$ princ.part) <br> Add the Present Indicative of sum <br> (Remember number and gender: <br> captus, -a, -um est but captī, -ae, -a sunt) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pluperfect <br> All conjugations: <br> Take Perfect stem (from $3^{\text {rd }}$ princ.part); Use the Imperfect Indicative of sum as endings <br> (-eram, -erās ... -erant) | All conjugations: <br> Take perfect passive participle ( $4^{\text {th }}$ princ.part) Add the Imperfect Indicative of sum (Remember number and gender: captus, -a, -um erat but captī, -ae, -a erant) |
| FUTURE PERFECT <br> All conjugations: Take Perfect stem ( $3^{\text {rd }}$ princ.part); Use the Future Indicative of sum as endings (-erō, -eris ...; but optāverint) | All conjugations: <br> Take perfect passive participle ( $4^{\text {th }}$ princ.part) <br> Add the Future Indicative of sum <br> (Remember number and gender: <br> captus, -a, -um erit but captī, -ae, -a erunt) |

## Verb Summary: Subjunctive

Personal Endings:

| Active: |  | Passive: |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - $\overline{\mathbf{0}} /-\mathbf{m}$ | -mus | -or/-r | -mur |
| -s | -tis | -ris/-re | -minī |
| -t | -nt | -tur | -ntur |

Long vowel rule:
Long vowels shorten before final:
$-\mathbf{m},-\mathbf{t},-\mathbf{n t},-r,-n t u r$
i > e before -ris, -re

|  | Present <br> (Active and Passive formed the same way) "Hē weārs ā giānt tiāra" |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Take Present Stem (from infinitive) | Conjugation | Stem changes |  |  |  | Add appropriate (active or passive) personal endings |
|  | $1^{\text {st }} \quad \Rightarrow$ | $\overline{\mathrm{a}}$ | $>$ | $\overline{\text { e }}$ | $\Rightarrow$ |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }} \quad \Rightarrow$ |  | $>$ | eā | $\Rightarrow$ |  |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }} \quad \Rightarrow$ |  | > | $\overline{\mathrm{a}}$ | $\Rightarrow$ |  |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$-i stem $\Rightarrow$ |  | > |  | $\Rightarrow$ |  |
|  | $4^{\text {th }} \quad \Rightarrow$ |  | > | iā | $\Rightarrow$ |  |

## IMPERFECT

(Active and Passive formed the same way)
Take entire infinitive $\left(2^{\text {nd }}\right.$ princ.part) $\quad \Rightarrow \quad$ lengthen final -e $>-\overline{\mathbf{e}} \quad \Rightarrow$

Add appropriate (active or passive) personal endings

Active

## Perfect

All conjugations:
Take Perfect stem (from princ.part 3)
Add -erī-
Add active personal endings
(use $-\mathbf{m}$ for $1^{\text {st }}$ person singular)
**forms are very similar to fut.perf.act.ind.**

## Pluperfect

All conjugations:
Take Perfect stem (from princ.part 3)
Add -issē-
(i.e., perf.act.infinitive)

Add active personal endings
(use $-\mathbf{m}$ for $1^{\text {st }}$ person singular)

All conjugations:
Take perfect passive participle ( $4^{\text {th }}$ princ.part)
Add the Present Subjunctive of sum
(Remember number and gender:
captus, -a, -um sit but capti, -ae, -a sint)

All conjugations:
Take perfect passive participle ( $4^{\text {th }}$ princ.part)
Add the Imperfect Subjunctive of sum
(Remember number and gender:
captus, -a, -um esset but capti, -ae, -a essent)

